

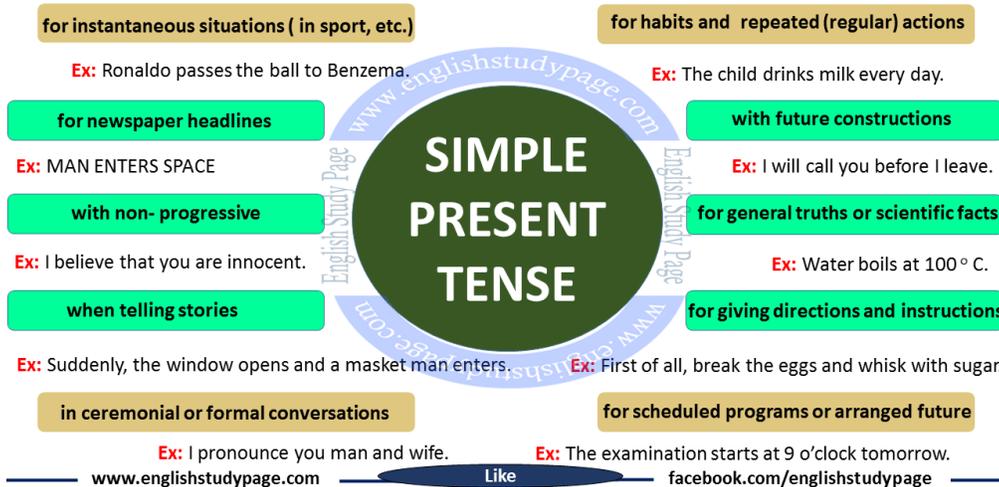


Área: Foreign language **Materia:** English basic B **Taller:**
Periodo: First **Grado:** Eighth basic B **Quiz:**
Fecha: _____ **Docente:** Vanessa Gavilan **Guía:**
Estudiante: _____

Topics

- Simple present with be and have
- Possessives adjectives and possessive case
- Wh questions
- Gerunds and infinitives

SIMPLE PRESENT TENSE



1. Fill in the blanks with appropriate simple present tense form of the verb given in the brackets.

- The plane at 6.30. (arrive)
- I will phone you when he back. (come)
- Unless we now we can't be there on time. (start)
- The sun in the east. (rise)
- The next term on Monday. (begin)
- She an engineer. (be)
- They our relatives. (be)



- When does the train? (depart)
- Let's wait till he his work. (finish)
- Please ring me up as soon as he (arrive)

Wh - Questions

This is a term used to refer to one **Question** starting with **wh** or **h**

Who ----- Quién?	How ----- Cómo?
What ----- Qué-Cuál?	How many ----- Cuántos?
Where ----- Dónde ?	How much ----- cuanto?
Why ----- Porqué?	How far ----- Que tan lejos?
Whose ----- De Quién?	How long-cuanto tiempo?
When ----- Cuando ?	How often- con frecuencia
Which ----- Cúales ?	How old - Que edad

2. Write a question word in each blank (For example: When, How, Why, How many ..) and then match the questions with the answers:

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. is your music lesson? | a) Because, I'm hungry. |
| 2. is it? | b) Fine. |
| 3. books are there in your bag? | c) Germany. |
| 4. likes James? | d) Mary. |
| 5. is your watch? | e) In the garden. |
| 6. are you? | f) In June. |
| 7. are the children? | g) It is half past two. |
| 8. your father's birthday? | h) 5. |
| 9. do you want a sandwich? | i) Tuesday. |
| 10. is she from? | j) Six. |



ENGLISH GRAMMAR **Possessive Adjectives** Woodward ENGLISH

SUBJECT PRONOUN	POSSESSIVE ADJECTIVE
I I have a shirt.	MY My shirt is green.
YOU You have a book.	YOUR Your book is new.
HE He has a pillow.	HIS His pillow is soft.
SHE She has a dog.	HER Her dog is small.
IT It has a bone.	ITS Its bone is old.
WE We have a bird.	OUR Our bird is noisy.
YOU You have a house.	YOUR Your house is big.
THEY They have a car.	THEIR Their car is slow.

YOUR = Possessive Adjective
- You need to bring your dictionary.

YOU'RE = You are (contraction)
- You're an excellent student.

ITS = Possessive Adjective
- The dog played with its ball.

IT'S = It is (contraction)
- It's very hot right now.

www.grammar.cl www.woodwardenglish.com www.vocabulary.cl

3. Complete the following sentences with the correct possessive adjective

- She is happy with _____ job.
- The children lost _____ way in the town.
- Peter is showing _____ house to Susan.
- I have a pet. _____ name is Baboo.
- There is a mouse in _____ (we) bedroom.
- Is that _____ (you) house ?
- We bought _____ fruit yesterday.
- The cat is hungry. This is _____ food.
- You are a boy and _____ name is Marc.
- I live in Paris with _____ family.

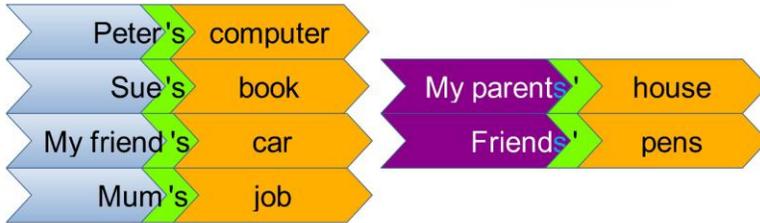


Possessive case

www.engames.eu

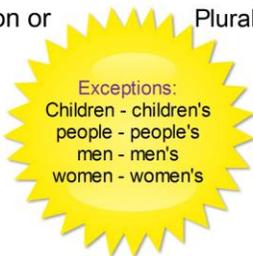
Singular (it belongs to 1 person)

Plural (it belongs to >1 person)



Add 's to the person or thing

Plural ends with s - add '.



4. Decide which form of the possessive case ('s, s', `)complete each sentence

- Tom has got green eyes. Tom eyes are green.:
- Mr. Smith has got a red car. Mr. Smith car is red.
- Jill has got a black bike. Jill bike is black.
- The Smarts have got a big house. The Smart house is big.
- Jack has got a very nice aunt. Jack aunt is very nice.
- Charles has got a new camera. Charles camera is new.
- Dad has got a terrible cold. Dad cold is terrible.
- George has got an old mobile phone. George mobile phone is old.
- James has got tall friends. James friends are tall.
- Kelly has got an old cat. Kelly cat is old.



INFINITIVE VERSUS GERUND

Table comparing infinitive and gerund forms with their characteristics and usage rules.

Gerunds and Infinitives

- When are verbs followed by gerunds and when are they followed by infinitives? Study the grammar reference chart below.

Grammar reference chart listing verbs followed by infinitives, objects and infinitives, and gerunds.

5. Complete the following sentences with the correct form of gerunds or infinitives

- 1. He is determined [] (win) that race.
2. He lay in bed [] (plan) the days to come.
3. We went [] (run) in the morning.
4. Her fear of spiders made [] (travel) difficult.
5. They don't mind [] (wait) outside.
6. The problem is [] (get) there on time.
7. I am accustomed to [] (take care) of myself.
8. I want him [] (paint) the wall.
9. [] (be), or [] (not be), that is the question.
10. This guy is known for [] (break) the rules.
11. Sue enjoys [] (dance).
12. The advantages of [] (go) by train were clearly visible.
13. Your advice [] (plan) ahead was excellent.
14. Your addiction to [] (drink) will not serve you well.
15. I am pleased [] (meet) you.



COLEGIO BOSQUES DE SHERWOOD

CAC-012

IMPROVEMENT WORKSHOP

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